AMENDMENT TO THE CLAIMS

Claim 1 (currently amended): A chemical compound comprising an analog or a derivative of (S,S,R)-(-)-actinonin having the structure:

wherein R¹ is an optionally substituted or halogenated [[,]] indoline, indole, pyrrole, or imidazole;

R² is methyl, CH₂CH₃, (CH₂)₂CH₃, C(CH₃)₃, phenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, biphenyl, benzyl, 4-hydroxybenzyl, piperidine, N-Boc-4-piperidine, CH₂ (N-Boc-4-piperidine), 4-tetrahydropyran, CH₂-4-tetrahydropyran, 3-methyl indolyl, 2-naphthyl, 3-pyridyl, or 4-pyridyl, 3-thienyl;

R³ is R²-or a straight chain or branched C₃₋₈alkyl [[,]];

R⁴ is methylene, ethylene or propylene C_{1.3}-alkyl; and

 R^5 is NH_2 , OH, NHOH, $NHOCH_3$, $N(CH_3)OH$, $N(CH_3)OCH_3$, $NHCH_2CH_3$, ORCOLOR: ORCOLO

Claims 2-3 (canceled).

Claim 4 (previously presented): A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of the compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claim 5 (currently amended): A method for asymmetrically synthesizing a chemical compound having the structure of claim 1, comprising the steps of:

- a) forming an optionally O-protected R^1 -1-carbonyl-C2-(R^2)methyleneamine from R^1 and an N-protected R^2 -amino acid 2,5-dioxopyrrolidinyl ester and deprotecting said N-protected R^2 -amino acid with a
 suitable agent comprising trifluoroacetic acid;
- b) forming an R³-carbonyl-oxazolidone from 4-isopropyl-oxazolidin-2-one and R³-carbonyl chloride;
- c) treating a solution of 4-(S)-isopropyl-oxazolidin-2-one with a solution of a base comprising n-butyl lithium in hexanes and adding an R^3 -carbonyl chloride thereby forming an R^3 -carbonyl oxazolidinone;
- d) treating a solution of the R³-carbonyl oxazolidinone sequentially with a base comprising lithium diisopropylamide and with a bromo-R⁴ acid-*tert*-butyl ester thereby forming an oxazolidine-R³-carbonyl-R⁴-acid *tert*-butyl ester;
- e) treating a mixture of the [[an]] oxazolidine-R³-carbonyl-R⁴-acid *tert*-butyl ester in tetrahydrofuran and water sequentially with hydrogen

peroxide in water and with lithium hydroxide in water thereby forming a C2(R³)-R⁴-dicarboxylic acid *tert*-butyl ester;

- f) treating a mixture of the $C2(R^3)$ - R^4 -dicarboxylic acid 4-tert-butyl ester and hydroxysuccinimide in a solvent comprising dioxane or dimethylformamide with an imide comprising dicyclohexylcarbodiimide thereby forming an $C2(R^3)$ - R^4 -dicarboxylic acid tert-butyl ester-(2,5-dioxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl) ester.
- g) treating a solution of said optionally O-protected R^1 -1-carbonyl-2-(R^2)-methyleneamine in a solvent comprising tetrahydrofuran sequentially with triethylamine and with the $C2(R^3)$ - R^4 -dicarboxylic acid tert-butyl ester-(2,5-dioxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl) ester thereby forming an optionally O-protected R^1 -1-carbonyl-2-(R^2)-carbamoyl-methylene(R^3)- R^4 -carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester;
- h) treating a solution of said optionally O-protected R^1 -1-carbonyl-C2(R^2)-carbamoyl-methylene(R^3)- R^4 -carboxylic acid tert-butyl ester in a solvent comprising methylene chloride with trifluoroacetic acid thereby forming an optionally O-protected R^1 -1-carbonyl-C2(R^2)-carbamoyl-methylene(R^3)- R^4 -carboxylic acid;
- i) treating said optionally O-protected R^1 -1-carbonyl-2- (R^2) -carbamoyl-methylene(R^3)- R^4 carboxylic acid and hydroxysuccinamide N-hydroxysuccinimide with an imide comprising dicyclohexylcarbodiimide thereby forming a optionally O-protected R^1 -1-carbonyl-C2(R^2)-carbamoyl-methylene(R^3)- R^4 -carboxylic acid 2,5-dioxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl ester;

- j) treating a suspension of R⁵ or the chloride thereof, said R⁵ optionally *O*-protected, in a solvent comprising dimethylformamide sequentially with triethylamine and with a solution of said optionally *O*-protected R¹-1-carbonyl-C2(R²)-carbamoyl-methylene(R³)-R⁴-carboxylic acid 2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl ester in a solvent comprising dimethylformamide thereby forming an R¹-1-carbonyl-C2(R²)-carbamoyl-methylene(R³)-R⁴-carbonyl-R⁵, said R¹ and R⁵ independently optionally O-protected; and
- k) hydrogenating said R¹ and R⁵, said R¹ and R⁵ independently comprising an O-protecting group, with hydrogen gas and a catalyst comprising palladium hydroxide in activated carbon wherein said chemical compound of claim 1 is thereby formed.

Claims 6-9 (canceled).

Claim 10 (currently amended): A method for of inhibiting the treatment growth of a tumor in an individual neoplastic disease comprising: the step of

administering to an the individual in need of such treatment a pharmacologically effective dose of the chemical compound of claim 1; wherein said tumor is an ovarian cancer, a prostate cancer, a mammary cancer, a head and neck cancer, a non-small-cell lung-cancer, an adenocarcinoma, a squamous cell carcinoma, a lymphoma or a leukemia.

Claim 11 (canceled).

Claim 12 (original): The method of claim 10, wherein said individual is a human or an animal.

Claims 13-21 (canceled).